

Family: FABACEAE-CAESALPINIOIDEAE (angiosperm)

Scientific name(s): Detarium macrocarpum

Commercial restriction: no commercial restriction

WOOD DESCRIPTION

Color: red brown
 Sapwood: clearly demarcated
 Texture: medium
 Grain: straight or interlocked
 Interlocked grain: marked

Note: Coppery brown wood with dark brown veins. Resin exudation is possible. Medium to coarse texture.

LOG DESCRIPTION

Diameter: from 70 to 100 cm
 Thickness of sapwood: from 7 to 10 cm
 Floats: yes
 Log durability: moderate (treatment recommended)

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and mechanical properties are based on mature heartwood specimens. These properties can vary greatly depending on origin and growth conditions.

	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Std dev.</u>
Specific gravity *:	0,66	0,04
Monnin hardness *:	3,9	0,7
Coeff. of volumetric shrinkage:	0,38 %	0,04 %
Total tangential shrinkage (TS):	5,4 %	0,6 %
Total radial shrinkage (RS):	3,8 %	0,5 %
TS/RS ratio:	1,4	
Fiber saturation point:	24 %	
Stability:	moderately stable	

MECHANICAL AND ACOUSTIC PROPERTIES

	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Std dev.</u>
Crushing strength *:	55 MPa	9 MPa
Static bending strength *:	99 MPa	16 MPa
Modulus of elasticity *:	13100 MPa	2000 MPa

(*: at 12% moisture content, with 1 MPa = 1 N/mm²)

NATURAL DURABILITY AND TREATABILITY

Fungi and termite resistance refers to end-uses under temperate climate. Except for special comments on sapwood, natural durability is based on mature heartwood. Sapwood must always be considered as non-durable against wood degrading agents.

E.N. = Euro Norm

Funghi (according to E.N. standards): class 3 - moderately durable

Dry wood borers: durable - sapwood demarcated (risk limited to sapwood)

Termites (according to E.N. standards): class M - moderately durable

Treatability (according to E.N. standards): class 2 - moderately permeable

Use class ensured by natural durability: class 2 - inside or under cover (dampness possible)

Species covering the use class 5: No

Note: This wood is given as not very sensitive to marine borers.

REQUIREMENT OF A PRESERVATIVE TREATMENT

Against dry wood borer attacks: does not require any preservative treatment

In case of risk of temporary humidification: requires appropriate preservative treatment

In case of risk of permanent humidification: use not recommended

DRYING

Drying rate: slow
 Risk of distortion: slight risk
 Risk of casehardening: no
 Risk of checking: slight risk
 Risk of collapse: no

Possible drying schedule: 2

M.C. (%)	Temperature (°C)		Air humidity (%)
	dry-bulb	wet-bulb	
Green	50	47	84
40	50	45	75
30	55	47	67
20	70	55	47
15	75	58	44

This schedule is given for information only and is applicable to thickness lower or equal to 38 mm.

It must be used in compliance with the code of practice.

For thickness from 38 to 75 mm, the air relative humidity should be increased by 5 % at each step.

For thickness over 75 mm, a 10 % increase should be considered.

SAWING AND MACHINING

Blunting effect: normal
 Sawteeth recommended: ordinary or alloy steel
 Cutting tools: ordinary
 Peeling: good
 Slicing: good

Note: Possible difficulties for sawing and cutting due to the presence of resin. Tools must always be tightly sharpened.

ASSEMBLING

Nailing / screwing: good but pre-boring necessary
 Gluing: correct

Note: Possible difficulties for gluing due to the presence of resin.

COMMERCIAL GRADING

Appearance grading for sawn timbers: According to SATA grading rules (1996)

For the "General Purpose Market":

Possible grading for square edged timbers: choix I, choix II, choix III, choix IV

Possible grading for short length lumbers: choix I, choix II

Possible grading for short length rafters: choix I, choix II, choix III

For the "Special Market":

Possible grading for strips and small boards (ou battens): choix I, choix II, choix III

Possible grading for rafters: choix I, choix II, choix III

FIRE SAFETY

Conventional French grading: Thickness > 14 mm : M.3 (moderately inflammable)
 Thickness < 14 mm : M.4 (easily inflammable)

Euroclasses grading: D s2 d0

Default grading for solid wood, according to requirements of European standard EN 14081-1 annex C (April 2009). It concerns structural graded timber in vertical uses with mean density upper 0.35 and thickness upper 22 mm.

END-USES

Sliced veneer
 Cabinetwork (high class furniture)
 Interior panelling
 Wood-ware
 Turned goods

Interior joinery
 Flooring
 Stairs (inside)
 Current furniture or furniture components
 Exterior joinery

Note: Filling is recommended to obtain a good finish.

MAIN LOCAL NAMES

<u>Country</u>	<u>Local name</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Local name</u>
Cameroon	AMOUK	Gabon	ABORANZORK
Gabon	ENOUK	Equatorial Guinea	EÑUK

